LESSONS ON CONNECTIVITY:

The Link between Active Transportation and Access to Housing

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The Complicated Link between Transportation and Housing

- **History:** redlining, high speed rail, racist vigilanteism, gender-based violence, policing
- Contradictions: Our equity programs continue to define poverty as lack of access to a car. Meanwhile, the notion of "walkability" is inherently bias and can be manipulated to 1) reproduce the racist/classist notions that are used to justify disinvestment or 2) overstate accessibility/amenities to promote housing speculation
- Kicking the Can: Our inability to reconcile structural crises at the community level contributes to developmentinduced displacement and undermines the utility of mobility in resolving intra-community challenges
- Lack of Focus: Active transportation programs fails to answer the question: who are we connecting, and to what?
- Transportation First: The politicization of active transportation has led to an inefficient campaign to center housing around our preferred modes, as opposed to adapting our notion of mobility to be responsive the latent potential of dignified and affordable housing solutions









What would it take to establish a housing-first approach to transportation planning?











ONNECT. VISUALIZE, TRANSFORM.

ACTIVE HOUSING VS. ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION









Lesson One: Vision Zero

- Los Angeles, CA The cost of renting a two-bedroom unit in 90003 is 50% above the national average at \$1,770
 - Today a 716sf, 2br, 1ba home is \$464,999
 - In 2017, the same house sold for \$300,000
 - In 2014, the home sold for \$174,300

When conducting community engagement on behalf of the Vision Zero program in 2017, I encountered many residents described a symbiotic relationship between bike lanes and housing speculation.

















avalon google map video





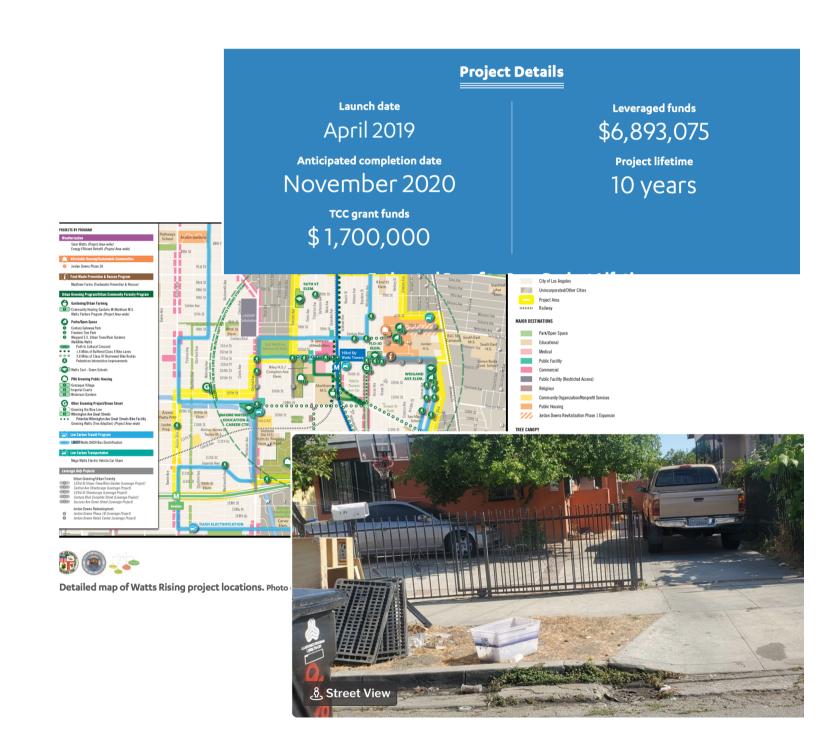




Lesson Two: Watts Rising TCC

- In 90059, home appreciation the last 10 years has been 163.8%
 - Today a 1633sf, 4br, 1ba home is \$650,000
 - o In 2019, the same house sold for \$450,000
 - In 2009, the home sold for \$160,000

Prior to conducting engagement for the Watts Rising project, I led an effort to assess the extent to which residents could sense the likelihood of displacement. They'd gone so long without investment that they didn't know displacement risk would come with the investments they worked so hard to secure.













watts study video



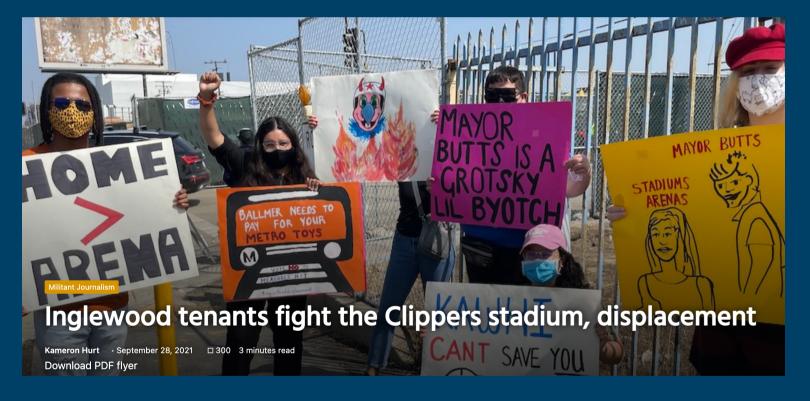






Los Angeles Times

Column: 'We may lose this.' Despair over gentrification reaches new depths in South L.A.



Inglewood People Mover **Project Takes a Step Forward**

It would connect the Crenshaw/LAX Line with SoFi Stadium

IANUARY 07 2021 7:00AM STEVEN SHARP J. 52 COMMENTS



Who are we connecting?

- White comfort
- Commuters
- Tech
- Sports
- What is COVID19 teaching us?









REVISITING THE NOTION OF CONNECTIVITY











Applying Lessons Learned (with a sense of urgency)

Transform Fresno - Transformative Climate Communities

- Anchor all project elements to an anti-displacement priority
- Invest in a customized strategy for prevention *and* repair
- Participatory planning participatory policy design
- Radical approaches to "equity" instead of toxic diplomacy













HTS results video





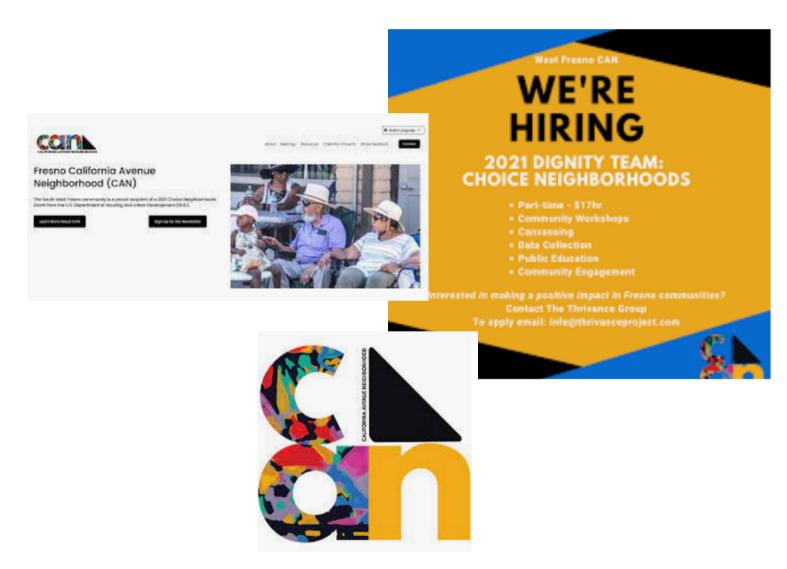




Applying Lessons Learned (with a sense of urgency)

Fresno: California Avenue Neighborhood - HUD Choice Neighborhoods

- Name, understand and strategize around the inextricable relationships between equity gaps across disciplines
- Activate housing first: conceptually, programmatically, and through community engagement
- Build new partnerships/coalitions
- Strive for 100% community ownership and move at the speed of dignity













Gap Analysis video









THRIVANCE'S LITMUS TEST FOR REPARATIVE PLANNING









Litmus Test for Reparative Planning

The key elements of a harm-reduction strategy for policies rooted in displacement intervention include:

- The policy, on its own or in combination with another policy, addresses a specific element of harm identified through research and stakeholder perspectives
- The policy or the implementation plan strives to identify a specific and intentional recipient of issue-specific, direct intervention
- The eligibility/qualifying factor does not pose an additional burden or barrier that would contribute to new or additional displacement
- The policy and the people who implement the policy **intend to create a permanent redress** for the impacts of past harmful planning practices









THANK YOU

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